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ST. *James's, June* 8. The following Addreſs has been preſented to Her Majeſty.

To the QUEEN's *moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble Addreſs of the Deputy-Lieutenant, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of *Cardigan*; preſented to Her Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Carberry*.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

THE *late unparallel'd Inſtance of* French *Inſolence and Native Treachery, ſufficiently manifeſted by a raſh and fruitleſs Attempt to Invade your Majeſty's Dominions, equally did affect us your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects with Surprize and Abhorrence, as its Diſappointment does now with Joy and Satisfaction*

Among the many Bleſſings which we have enjoy'd by the late Happy Revolution (ſuch as the Exerciſe of our Religion, the Preſervation of our Laws, the Benefit, under God, of Life, and the free uſe of our Properties: All which had like to have been a Victim to the ſame Force, as now preſumed to repeat its weak Efforts) we beg leave to offer, that we eſteem this the greateſt that it prepared and made way for your Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne of your Anceſtors, to the great Mortification of the Adverſaries to the Proteſtant Intereſt.

It was to be hoped, that that ſeaſonable Change would have check'd your Majeſty's Britiſh *Subjects from retaining a favourable Notion of Popery, or the Tyranny of* France; *but the ſeveral Steps which have been made ſince (as the intended Aſſaſſination in the late Reign, the Inſinuation of Danger in this to foment groundleſs Jealouſies and Differences, inveighing againſt a prudent and wiſe Miniſtry, and at laſt an Invaſion by a Pretender) amount to a Demonſtration; that the ſame Turbulent diſaffected Spirits who were diſſatisfied with that Revolution, have ever ſince been, and are ſtill conſpiring to effect another.*

May all Conſpiracies and Attempts againſt your Majeſty and Government be alſo abortive; and may all thoſe Domeſtick Monſters, whoſe Principles and Practices render them obnoxious to either, ſpeedily come to condign Puniſhment; or if by the Clemency of your Majeſty's Reign, they evade Juſtice here, may they for the general Repoſe of Mankind, reſort to thoſe Manſions where Uſurp'd Titles, Traitors and Aſſaſſines find Sanctuary, where they may be ſatiated with Paſſive Obedience and Non-reſiſtance; where Popery, French *Slavery and Arbitrary Power, ſo long and ſo eagerly purſued and wiſh'd for, may cheriſh their Affections; whilſt Poverty pinches and maccrates their Bodies, thence never to return to diſturb the Peace of your Majeſty's Realms; and whilſt they are in the Fruition of ſuch an Exchange, and hereafter, may we and others of your Majeſty's faithful and loyal Subjects be bleſt with the Advantages of a long, peaceable and proſperous Reign of your Majeſty over us.*

The Aſſurances we beg leave to offer to your Majeſty of our Fidelity to your Sacred Perſon and Government, are the Dictates of ſincere, Hearts and not of Form or Faſhion, Hearts that are ſtedfaſtly bent to lay down all that is dear to us, in Defence of your Majeſty's undoubted Right to the Throne you ſo deſervedly ſit upon, and of the Proteſtant Succeſſion thereto againſt all Pretenders or Uſurpers whatſoever, and all their helliſh Accomplices.

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty receiv'd very graciouſly.

Turin, May 26. *N. S.* The Count de Caſtelbarco, Envoy from the Emperor to his Royal Highneſs, has receiv'd his Imperial Majeſty's Orders to attend the Queen of Spain from her Arrival into Italy, to the Place of Embarkation, and is accordingly ſet out for Verona. The Marquiſs de Prie, and the Spaniſh Envoy, have alſo left this Court, in order to meet her Catholick Majeſty at Milan; where, it is ſuppos'd, ſhe will be the latter End of this Month. Letters from Barcelona, by the way of Genoa of the 4th Inſtant, adviſe, That the Enemy were aſſembling their Troops in Rouſſillon, and the Neighbourhood of Lerida; and that they gave out they would attack Tortoſa; which Place is in ſo good a Poſture of Defence, that the Allies were under no Apprehenſions for its Safety Thoſe Letters mention an Accident which befel the Marſhal Staremberg on the Night after his Arrival. A Spaniard having conceal'd himſelf under his Bed, in the middle of the Night began to rifle his Pockets; upon which he awaked, and alarm'd his Family. A Servant ruſh'd into the Room with a drawn Sword; and, by miſtake in the dark, made a Paſs at his Maſter; but the Sword glancing on one of his Ribs, the General receiv'd but a ſlight hurt. The Thief was immediately taken into Cuſtody, in order to his Trial. The Count de Scoti, who was ſent hither from the Duke of Parma to ſollicit his Royal Highneſs's Mediation for ſome Abatement of the Contributions demanded by the Germans, as alſo for their ſpeedy March out of the Parmeſan, is return'd to give an Account of his Negotiation. The Palatine General having repreſented to the Britiſh and Dutch Envoys the great Scarcity of Forage in their preſent Quarters, thoſe Miniſters have obtain'd Orders for their marching into the Imperial Fiefs in the Genoeſe, where they are to continue 'till they embark for Spain. Baron Veſer, Brigadier and Colonel of a Regiment in the Palatine Cavalry, lately fell from his Horſe in a Fit of an Apoplexy, of which he is ſince dead, and is ſucceeded by Baron Spee. Yeſterday the Baron de Schulenberg, whom his Royal Highneſs has appointed to command the Troops in the Val d' Aoſte, is ſet out for that Place, where the Forces are to encamp upon his Arrival.

Milan, May 29. *N. S.* Preparations are made here for the Reception of her Catholick Majeſty in the moſt magnificent manner. The Duke of Parma, Duke of Modena and Prince Gaſton of Tuſcany, have waited on her Majeſty on the Road. The Queen is expected here on the 31ſt; ſhe will come into the City Incognito, and remain ſo 'till all things are ready for her publick Entry. Recruits march every Day for the Troops in Piedmont. The Pruſſian Forces which lay in the Plaiſantin, as well as ſome Imperial Regiments, have Orders to move towards thoſe Parts. They write from Ferrara, that a great Body of Troops of the Duke of Modena, join'd with ſome Imperialiſts, is advancing thither; and that the Cardinal Legate is very apprehenſive of a Deſign on that City.

Vienna, May 30. *N. S.* The Emperor has confer'd on the Prince of Heſſe-Darmſtadt, who has ſerv'd in Italy, and reſided for ſome time at this Court, the Command of all his Forces in the Kingdom of Naples; and appointed General Taun to command the Imperial Troops in Lombardy, which are to act under the Duke of Savoy. Prince Adam of Lichtenſtein, one of the Imperial Commiſſioners to the Diet of Hungary, having come hither to paſs the Holy-days, and to give his Imperial Majeſty an Account of the Proceedings of the Diet, is to return to Presburg within few Days. General Nadaſti has brought Advices from Hungary, That the Hungarians were aſſembling in a very great Body at Ghinz, with deſign to make an Inroad into Auſtria. Upon which Advice Orders have been diſpatch'd from hence to the Inhabitants on the Frontiers, to be upon their Guard, and on a certain Signal, to retire with their Effects. The laſt Advices we have of the Queen of Spain are from Roveredo, where ſhe arriv'd on the 22d at Night; and on the 24th was to purſue her Journey.

Frankfort, June 7. *N. S.* His Electoral Highneſs of Hanover arriv'd here this Day; as did alſo the Count of Weilbourg, General of the Palatine Troops who has had an Audience of the Elector. The Army is encamp'd at Mulhberg, under the Command of General Thungen, who has placed ſome Troops at Etlingen, for the ſecurity of the Lines. The Forces of Hanover, which had their Winter Quarters in the Weſterwald, will paſs the Main to morrow near this City, in order to March to the Imperial Camp. Two Regiments of Wolfenbuttel, with other Troops, are in motion towards the ſame place. We have advice, that the